## § 581.203 Information minimally required to accompany legal process.

- (a) Sufficient identifying information must accompany the legal process in order to enable processing by the governmental entity named. Therefore, the following identifying information about the obligor, if known, is requested:
  - (1) Full name;
  - (2) Date of birth:
- (3) Employment number, social security number, Department of Veterans Affairs claim number, or civil service retirement claim number:
- (4) Component of the governmental entity for which the obligor works, and the official duty station or worksite; and
- (5) Status of the obligor, e.g., employee, former employee, or annuitant.
- (b) If the information submitted is not sufficient to identify the obligor, the legal process shall be returned directly to the court, or other authority, with an explanation of the deficiency. However, prior to returning the legal process, if there is sufficient time, an attempt should be made to inform the party who caused the legal process to be served, or the party's representative, that it will not be honored unless adequate identifying information is supplied.

[45 FR 85667, Dec. 30, 1980, as amended at 48 FR 26280, June 7, 1983; 55 FR 1357, Jan. 16, 1990]

# Subpart C—Compliance With Process

### §581.301 Suspension of payment.

Upon proper service of legal process, together with all supplementary documents and information as required by §§ 581.202 and 581.203, the head of the governmental entity, or his/her designee, shall identify the obligor to whom that governmental entity holds moneys due and payable as remuneration for employment and shall suspend, i.e., withhold, payment of such moneys for the amount necessary to permit compliance with the legal process in accordance with this part.

[48 FR 26280, June 7, 1983]

#### §581.302 Notification of obligor.

- (a) As soon as possible, but not later than fifteen (15) calendar days after the date of valid service of legal process, the agent designated to accept legal process shall send to the obligor, at his or her duty station or last known home address, written notice:
- (1) That such process has been served, including a copy of the legal process, and, if submitted, such other documents as may be required by §581.202;
- (2) Of the maximum garnishment limitations set forth in §581.402, with a request that the obligor submit supporting affidavits or other documentation necessary for determining the applicable percentage limitation;
- (3) That by submitting supporting affidavits or other necessary documentation, the obligor consents to the disclosure of such information to the garnishor; and
- (4) Of the percentage that will be deducted if he/she fails to submit the documentation necessary to enable the governmental entity to respond to the legal process within the time limits set forth in §581.303.
- (b) The governmental entity may provide the obligor with the following additional information:
- (1) Copies of any other documents submitted in support of the legal process;
- (2) That the United States does not represent the interests of the obligor in the pending legal proceedings;
- (3) That the obligor may wish to consult legal counsel regarding defenses to the legal process that he or she may wish to assert; and
- (4) That obligors in the uniformed services may avail themselves of the protections provided in sections 520, 521, and 523 of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940 (50 U.S. Code App. 501 *et seq.*).

## §581.303 Response to legal process or interrogatories.

(a) Whenever the designated agent is validly served with legal process pursuant to State procedures in effect pursuant to subjection (a)(1) or (b) of section 666 of title 42, United States Code, within 30 calendar days, or within such longer period as may be prescribed by applicable State law, the agent shall

### §581.304

comply with all applicable provisions of section 666, including as follows:

- (1) If an agent is served with notice concerning amounts owed by an obligor to more than one person, the agent shall comply with section 666(b)(7);
- (2) Allocation of moneys due and payable to an individual under section 666(b) shall be governed by section 666(b) and the regulations prescribed under such section by the Secretary of Health and Human Services;
- (3) Such moneys as remain after compliance with paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section shall be available to satisfy any other such legal process on a first-come, first-served basis, with any such legal process being satisfied out of such moneys as remain after the satisfaction of all such legal process which have been previously served.
- (4) The agent or the agent's counsel or other designee shall respond within 30 calendar days to interrogatories which accompany legal process if the information sought in the interrogatory is not available to the entity to which it was sent, and the proper entity is known, the recipient shall forward the interrogatory to the appropriate entity in sufficient time to allow for a timely response.
- (b) If State or local law authorizes the issuance of interrogatories prior to or after the issuance of legal process, the agent shall respond to the interrogatories within thirty (30) calendar days after receipt: *Provided*, That the document(s) required by §581.202(c) have been presented.

[45 FR 85667, Dec. 30, 1980, as amended at 63 FR 14759, Mar. 26, 1998]

### §581.304 Nonliability for disclosure.

- (a) No Federal employee whose duties include responding to interrogatories pursuant to §581.303(b), shall be subject to any disciplinary action or civil or criminal liability or penalty for any disclosure of information made by him/her in connection with the carrying out of any duties pertaining directly or indirectly to answering such interrogatories.
- (b) However, a governmental entity would not be precluded from taking disciplinary action against an employee who consistently or purposely

failed to provide correct information requested by interrogatories.

[45 FR 85667, Dec. 30, 1980, as amended at 48 FR 26280, June 7, 1983]

#### §581.305 Honoring legal process.

- (a) The governmental entity shall comply with legal process, except where the process cannot be complied with because:
- (1) It does not, on its face, conform to the laws of the jurisdiction from which it was issued;
- (2) The legal process would require the withholding of funds not deemed moneys due from, or payable by, the United States as remuneration for employment;
- (3) The legal process is not brought to enforce legal obligation(s) for alimony and/or child support;
- (4) It does not comply with the mandatory provisions of this part; or
- (5) An order of a court of competent jurisdiction enjoining or suspending the operation of the legal process has been served on the governmental entity.
- (b) Where notice is received that the obligor has appealed either the legal process or the underlying alimony and/ or child support order, payment of moneys subject to the legal process shall be suspended; i.e., moneys shall continue to be withheld, but these amounts shall be retained by the governmental entity until the entity is ordered by the court, or other authority, to resume payments or otherwise disburse the suspended amounts. However, no suspension action shall be taken where the applicable law of the jurisdiction wherein the appeal is filed requires compliance with the legal process while an appeal is pending. Where the legal process has been issued by a court in the District of Columbia, a motion to quash shall be deemed equivalent to an appeal.
- (c) Under the circumstances set forth in §581.305 (a) or (b), or where the governmental entity is directed by the Justice Department not to comply with the legal process, the entity shall respond directly to the court, or other authority, setting forth its objections to compliance with the legal process. In addition, the governmental entity shall inform the party who caused the